

Criminal Justice Research Report

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Hate Crime in New York State 2017 Annual Report

Hate crime incidents reported to law enforcement in New York State decreased 6.7 percent in 2017, however, the number of reported anti-black incidents increased significantly: up 36 percent when compared to 2016. This decline comes one year after the state experienced an 18.8 percent spike in reported incidents in 2016, which reversed a three-year decline in these crimes statewide.

Hate crimes target individuals, groups of individuals or property because of a perception or belief about race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, religion or other characteristic defined under law.

While these crimes represent only a fraction of the overall reported crime in the state, they impact more than their specific target and can have a detrimental and disproportionate effect on the safety of all New Yorkers. Given the troubling spike in 2016 and to remain vigilant against future increases, New York State continues its efforts to prevent and respond to hate crime, as well as other forms of discriminatory behavior and bias through its Hate Crimes Task Force, led by the New York State Police with assistance from the Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) and Division of Human Rights.

DCJS is statutorily required to annually publish a report analyzing hate crime incidents. This report contains hate crime incidents for 2017 reported to the agency by police departments and sheriffs' offices through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system as of May 14, 2018. It also details hate crime arrests reported by those agencies and dispositions provided by the courts; those data sets are derived from the Computerized Criminal History (CCH) system at DCJS. This report details:

- Hate crime incidents by offense, bias motivation and demographic characteristics, such as age and gender of known offenders.
- Arrests made in 2017 for one or more offenses charged as a hate crime.

- Hate crime arrests that resulted in a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication for the fiveyear period from Jan. 1, 2013, through Dec. 31, 2017.
- Hate crime incidents reported annually from 2013 through 2017. These trends are detailed in the appendices to this report.

Major Findings

- More than half (57.9%) of the 558 reported hate crimes targeted property and 42.1 percent targeted people.
- Hate crimes against property (323) increased slightly, 1.6 percent, while crimes against individuals (235) decreased 16 percent.
- Consistent with prior years, the most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against property were anti-Jewish (63.8%) and antiblack (15.2%).
- The most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against individuals were antiblack (22.6%), anti-gay male (20.4%), and anti-Jewish (14%).
- The number of reported anti-black incidents increased significantly in 2017: up 36 percent when compared to 2016.
- Most hate crime incidents involved criminal mischief (54.7%) and simple assault (30.6%).
- The most common hate crime arrest charges were aggravated harassment (42.6%) and assault (22.9%).

For additional hate crime data, visit the Statistics page of the DCJS website: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov

Reported Hate Crime Incidents

Under New York's Hate Crime Law (Penal Law Article 485) a person commits a hate crime when a designated offense is committed targeting a victim because of a perception or belief about their race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation, or when such an act is committed as a result of that type of perception or belief. These crimes can target an individual, a group of individuals or public or private property.

Table 1 details hate crime incidents reported by Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) categories, used by the FBI to allow for uniform reporting across all 50 states.

Appendix 4 details the New York State Penal Law crimes that correspond to the FBI's UCR categories.

Investigating officers are responsible for identifying an offense as a hate crime and specifying the bias motivation when reporting the incident.

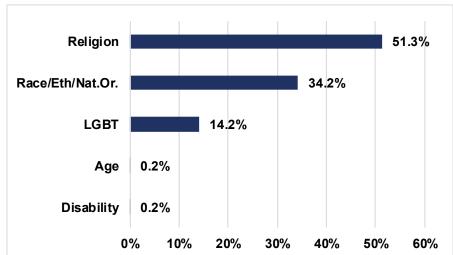
- Of the 558 hate crimes reported, 323 (57.9%) targeted property and 235 (42.1%) targeted individuals.
- Criminal mischief (305) accounted for 54.7 percent of all hate crimes and 94.4 percent of property crimes.
- Simple assault (171) accounted for 30.6 percent of all hate crimes and 72.8 percent of crimes against individuals.

Table 1. Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2017

UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total	558	100.0%
Crimes Against Persons	235	42.1%
Murder	1	0.2%
Robbery	7	1.3%
Aggravated Assault	54	9.7%
Kidnapping	2	0.4%
Simple Assault	171	30.6%
Property Crimes	323	57.9%
Burglary	9	1.6%
Larceny	8	1.4%
Arson	1	0.2%
Criminal Mischief	305	54.7%

Figure 1 shows the percentage of hate crime incidents reported by major bias type.

Figure 1. Percentage of Hate Crime Incidents by Major Bias Type 2017



- More than half 51.3 percent of all incidents involved an anti-religious bias, with 286 incidents reported.
- Race/ethnicity/national origin was the bias motivation in 191 incidents (34.2%) and LGBT was the bias motivation in 79 incidents (14.2%).
- Five-year trends for all hate crime bias motivation types are detailed in Appendix 1.

Table 2 shows bias motivation for crimes against individuals and property crimes for the 558 hate crime incidents reported in 2017.

- The most common bias motivation was anti-religion, with 286 hate crimes reported. Anti-Jewish crimes accounted for the overwhelming majority of those incidents: 239. Anti-Jewish crimes also accounted for 42.8 percent of all hate crime incidents.
- Anti-black bias was up 36 percent compared to 2016 and accounted for more than half (102 of 191) of the incidents involving anti-race/ethnicity/ national origin bias and 18.3 percent of all reported hate crimes.
- Anti-LGBT bias accounted for 14.2 percent of all reported hate crimes.

Table 2. Bias Motivation by Offense Type 2017

Table 2. Bids in		Against		J pc _c		otal
		rsons	Propert	ty Crimes	Cri	imes
Bias Motivation	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	235	100.0%	323	100.0%	558	100.0%
Anti-Religion	51	21.7%	235	72.8%	286	51.3%
Jewish	33	14.0%	206	63.8%	239	42.8%
Islamic (Muslim)	16	6.8%	10	3.1%	26	4.7%
Catholic	1	0.4%	7	2.2%	8	1.4%
Other Christian	0	0.0%	5	1.5%	5	0.9%
Multi-Religious Groups	0	0.0%	5	1.5%	5	0.9%
Religious Practice Generally	0	0.0%	1	0.3%	1	0.2%
Hindu	1	0.4%	1	0.3%	2	0.4%
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	112	47.7%	79	24.5%	191	34.2%
Black	53	22.6%	49	15.2%	102	18.3%
Other Ethnicity/National Origin	10	4.3%	7	2.2%	17	3.0%
White	16	6.8%	3	0.9%	19	3.4%
Asian	6	2.6%	5	1.5%	11	2.0%
Hispanic	12	5.1%	1	0.3%	13	2.3%
Multi-Racial Groups	0	0.0%	8	2.5%	8	1.4%
Arab	15	6.4%	6	1.9%	21	3.8%
Anti-LGBT	71	30.2%	8	2.5%	79	14.2%
Gay Male	48	20.4%	7	2.2%	55	9.9%
GayFemale	6	2.6%	1	0.3%	7	1.3%
Gay (Male and Female)	3	1.3%	0	0.0%	3	0.5%
Transgender	14	6.0%	0	0.0%	14	2.5%
Age	0	0.0%	1	0.3%	1	0.2%
Disability	1	0.4%	0	0.0%	1	0.2%

Note: Totals in this table may not equal 100 percent due to rounding. In addition, the percentage for each specific bias type under each bias motivation category (i.e. Transgender, Black, Jewish) relates to the total number of all reported hate crimes.

Crimes Against Persons

- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin was the most common bias type in crimes against persons, with 112 incidents (47.7%) reported. This was followed by anti-LGBT, 71 incidents (30.2%), and anti-religion, 51 incidents (21.7%).
- Black individuals were the most commonly targeted (53 of 235), followed by gay male (48) and Jewish (33).
- Within the anti-religion category, anti-Jewish bias (33) and anti-Islamic bias (16) accounted for 49 of the 51 incidents.

Property Crimes

- Of the 323 reported hate crime incidents targeting property, 72.8 percent (235) were motivated by a bias against religion, and 24.5 percent (79) were motivated by a bias against race/ethnicity/national origin.
- Anti-Jewish bias was most commonly reported in incidents targeting property: 63.8 percent (206 of 323 incidents).
- The second most common bias type was anti-black:
 15.2 percent (49 of 323 incidents).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends.

Offenders as Reported by Their Victims

Reporting of offender demographic characteristics by the victim or another party is often incomplete, partly due to the fact that some hate crimes involving property do not involve direct contact between the target and perpetrator.

At least one type of offender demographic — gender, age or race/ethnicity — was reported in 224 incidents. Those incidents involved a total of 290 offenders because a single incident can involve multiple offenders.

Table 3 presents the gender, age and race/ethnicity of offenders in those 224 incidents as reported by a victim or other party.

Table 3. Gender, Age, and Race/Ethnicity of Known Offenders 2017

	Number	Percent
Total	290	100.0%
Gender		
Male	250	86.2%
Female	39	13.4%
Age		
15 & under	44	15.2%
16 to 19	30	10.3%
20 to 24	22	7.6%
25 to 29	34	11.7%
30 to 34	18	6.2%
35 to 39	17	5.9%
40 to 44	17	5.9%
45 to 49	5	1.7%
50 to 54	9	3.1%
55 to 59	7	2.4%
60 to 64	12	4.1%
65 & older	2	0.7%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	113	39.0%
Black	97	33.4%
Hispanic	53	18.3%
Asian/Pacific Islander	6	2.1%

- The gender of 289 offenders was reported and the vast majority were male: 250 of 289.
- Age was reported for 217 offenders: 165 individuals (76%) were 39 years old or younger, with 69 between the ages of 25 and 39 and 96 younger than 25.

Race/ethnicity of 269 offenders was reported: 42
percent white, 36.1 percent black and 19.7 percent
Hispanic. The race of 7.2 percent of offenders was
reported as unknown.

Table 4 presents the number of offenders involved in the 224 hate crime incidents.

Table 4. Number of Offenders per Incident 2017

# Offenders	Incid	lents	Total Offenders			
Involved	Number	lumber Percent		Percent		
Total	224	100.0%	290	100.0%		
One	189	84.4%	189	65.2%		
Two	16	7.1%	32	11.0%		
Three	9	4.0%	27	9.3%		
Four	9	4.0%	36	12.4%		
Six	1	0.4%	6	2.1%		

- The majority of the 224 incidents (84.4%) involved one offender.
- Two or more offenders were reported in 35 incidents (15.5%), for a total of 101 offenders involved. Of the 35 incidents, 16 involved two offenders, nine involved three offenders, nine involved four offenders and one involved six offenders, which was the most reported for any one incident.
- The most common offenses involving known offenders were simple assault (145 or 50%) and aggravated assault (60 or 20.7%).

Unknown Offenders

- There was no information reported about the number of offenders involved in 334 of the 558 reported hate crimes. Of those 334 incidents, 269 (80.5%) involved crimes against property.
- The majority of incidents with unknown offenders were criminal mischief (264 or 79%) and simple assault (57 or 17.1%).
- Of the incidents with unknown offenders, 60.5 percent (202) were motivated by anti-Jewish bias.

County of Reported Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests

Table 5 details hate crime incidents and arrests by county in 2017.

Hate crime incidents and/or arrests were reported by law enforcement in 53 of the 62 counties in New York State. Law enforcement agencies reported no incidents or arrests in the remaining nine counties; those counties are excluded from the table below.¹

Arrests represent a hate crime charge being brought at the time of the arrest, as reported to DCJS by the arresting agency. The number of reported hate crime incidents and arrests in a given year should not be compared: not all hate crime incidents in a given year result in an arrest; arrests can occur in a different year than the associated crime; and one incident can involve multiple offenders.

Table 5. Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County and Region 2017

County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests
Total	558	244	Wayne	2	2	Schenectady	1	0
Rest of State	207	113	Oneida	2	1	Schoharie	1	0
Suffolk	39	2	Rensselaer	2	1	Wyoming	0	4
Nassau	38	9	Livingston	2	0	Chautauqua	0	1
Westchester	27	12	Broome	1	3	Chemung	0	1
Erie	10	13	Cattaraugus	1	2	Essex	0	1
Clinton	8	5	Cayuga	1	1	Jefferson	0	1
Rockland	7	2	Franklin	1	1	Orleans	0	1
Orange	6	8	Genesee	1	1	St. Lawrence	0	1
Albany	6	4	Greene	1	1	Washington	0	1
Dutchess	6	2	Herkimer	1	1			
Monroe	5	11	Onondaga	1	1	New York City	323	131
Ulster	5	2	Saratoga	1	1	Kings	115	42
Madison	5	0	Steuben	1	1	New York	107	36
Sullivan	4	3	Tioga	1	1	Queens	53	23
Oswego	3	8	Warren	1	1	Bronx	32	19
Niagara	3	1	Chenango	1	0	Richmond	16	11
Putnam	3	1	Delaware	1	0			
Columbia	3	0	Hamilton	1	0	Multiple Counties	28	0
Tompkins	3	0	Lewis	1	0	MTA	28	0

- Law enforcement in the five counties that comprise New York City Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond — reported 58 percent of all hate crime incidents in the state and made 54 percent of all hate crime arrests.
- In the Rest of the State, 55 percent of incidents were reported by law enforcement agencies from four counties: Suffolk, Nassau, Westchester and Erie.
- Police departments or sheriffs' offices in eight counties made one or more hate crime arrest, but reported no
 incidents: Chautauqua, Chemung, Essex, Jefferson, Orleans, St. Lawrence, Washington and Wyoming.

Note: MTA is the Metropolitan Transportation Authority Police Department, which serves multiple counties.

¹ The following nine counties reported no hate crime incidents or arrests in 2017: Allegany, Cortland, Fulton, Montgomery, Ontario, Otsego, Schuyler, Seneca and Yates.

Hate Crime Arrests

New York State Penal Law Article 485 details the offenses designated as hate crimes.

Table 6 shows the most serious Penal Law offense charged as a hate crime for the 244 arrests made in 2017. Of those, 43.4 percent were offenses against public order and 30.7 percent were assault and related offenses.

The most common hate crime arrest charges were second-degree aggravated harassment (83), a misdemeanor; third-degree assault (31), a misdemeanor; second-degree assault (24), a felony; and first-degree aggravated harassment (21), a felony.

This table also groups arrest charges by the corresponding Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) category. As noted on Page 2, the FBI defines these categories.

Table 6. Arrests for Hate Crime by UCR Offense Category 2017*

PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent	PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total		244	100.0%	Larceny	1	6	2.5%
				155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	4	1.6%
Murder	& Manslaughter	1	0.4%	155.25	Petit Larceny	2	0.8%
125.25	Murder 2nd	1	0.4%				
				Burglary	у	10	4.1%
Robber	у	9	3.7%	140.25	Burglary 2nd	2	0.8%
160.15	Robbery 1st	2	0.8%	140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	1.2%
160.10	Robbery 2nd	7	2.9%	140.10	Criminal Trespass 3rd	5	2.0%
Assault	& Related Offenses	75	30.7%	Crimina	l Mischief	30	12.3%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	1	0.4%	145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	4	1.6%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	2	0.8%	145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	8	3.3%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	5	2.0%	145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	18	7.4%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	11	4.5%				
120.10	Assault 1st	1	0.4%	Offense	es Against Public Order	106	43.4%
120.05	Assault 2nd	24	9.8%	240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	21	8.6%
120.00	Assault 3rd	31	12.7%	240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	83	34.0%
				240.25	Harassment 1st	2	0.8%
Other V	iolent Offenses	5	2.0%				
135.10	Unlawful Imprisonment 1st	1	0.4%	Other O	ffenses	2	0.8%
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd	2	0.8%	105.15	Conspiracy 2nd	1	0.4%
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	2	0.8%	105.05	Conspiracy 5th	1	0.4%

^{*}Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

Dispositions of Hate Crime Arrests

The processing of cases in criminal court often takes several months to be completed and can result in a range of dispositions.

Dispositions by Crime Type

This section only includes hate crime arrests that resulted in either a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication² for the five-year period from 2013 through 2017. The term adjudication is used in cases involving youthful offenders because the case is sealed and details of the case are not permitted to be disclosed, except under limited circumstances defined in state law.

The courts reported 418 convictions and youthful offender adjudications to DCJS between 2013 and 2017.

Table 7 details crime type (felony or misdemeanor) and notes whether the conviction or youthful offender adjudication was for a hate crime or another Penal Law crime.

Table 7. Disposed Hate Crime Arrests Resulting in a Conviction 2013-2017

	Disposition Charge Type									
Disposition	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total							
Conviction - Felony	49	69	118							
Conviction - Misdemeanor	61	188	249							
YO adjudication	16	35	51							
Total	126	292	418							

- There were 249 dispositions that resulted in criminal convictions to misdemeanors, 118 for felonies and 51 youthful offender adjudications.
- Of all dispositions, 126 resulted in convictions or youthful offender adjudications to hate crime offenses. The remaining 292 dispositions were for offenses not designated as hate crimes.
- Of the 292 non-hate crime dispositions, 69
 (23.6%) were felony convictions and 188 (64.4%)
 were misdemeanor convictions.

Disposition Charges

Table 8 shows the most serious charge for the 418 convictions and youthful offender adjudication, as reported for the five-year period from 2013 through 2017. These charges are grouped by UCR category.

Table 8. Criminal Convictions and YO Adjudications for Hate Crime Arrests by UCR Offense Category 2013 - 2017

	Disposition	n Charge Type	1	Total .
UCR Offense Category	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	126	292	418	100.0%
Crimes Against Persons	99	173	272	65.1%
Murder	2	3	5	1.2%
Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0.0%
Rape	0	5	5	1.2%
Robbery	7	10	17	4.1%
Aggravated Assault	13	31	44	10.5%
Simple Assault	77	124	201	48.1%
Property Crimes	25	78	103	24.6%
Arson	0	3	3	0.7%
Burglary	3	16	19	4.5%
Larceny - Theft	9	19	28	6.7%
Criminal Mischief	13	39	52	12.4%
Fraud	0	1	1	0.2%
Crimes Against Society	1	7	8	1.9%
Controlled Substance Possession	0	2	2	0.5%
Dangerous Weapons	1	5	6	1.4%
Other Offenses	1	34	35	8.4%
Other Fingerprintable Offenses	1	33	34	8.1%
All Other Offenses	0	1	1	0.2%

- Of all dispositions, 65 percent involved crimes against individuals (272). The majority of these convictions were categorized either as simple assault (201) or aggravated assault (44).
- Property crime offenses were involved in 24.6
 percent of dispositions. The most common property
 crime convictions were criminal mischief (52) and
 larceny (28).
- Disposition charges by Penal Law are further detailed in Appendix 5.

² Offenders who are age 16 through 18 at the time of their crime may be adjudicated as youthful offenders (see Criminal Procedure Law 720.10). A youthful offender (YO) adjudication broadens sentencing options and seals the criminal record.

Sentences for Convictions and Youthful Offender Adjudications

Table 9 presents the type of sentence imposed by the courts for the 418 convictions and youthful offender adjudications*.

Table 9. Sentences from Hate Crime Arrests 2013-2017

	Dispositio	n Charge Type	Grand Total			
Sentence	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent		
Total	126	292	418	100.0%		
Prison	30	49	79	18.9%		
Jail	46	101	147	35.2%		
Time Served	6	12	18	4.3%		
Probation	16	45	61	14.6%		
Conditional Discharge	19	68	87	20.8%		
Fine	9	16	25	6.0%		
Other	0	1	1	0.2%		

Of those convicted or adjudicated as youthful offenders:

- 147 (35.2%) were sentenced to jail,
- 87 (20.8%) were sentenced to conditional discharge,
- 79 (18.9%) were sentenced to state prison, and
- 61 (14.6%) were sentenced to local probation.

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^{*}Youthful offender adjudications are sealed but individuals can serve any of the sentence types noted.

Appendix 1: Bias Motivation for Hate Crime Incidents 2013 - 2017

Appendix 1 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by bias motivation category and specific bias type for 2013 through 2017.

The table shows the total number of incidents and breaks down crimes against individuals and crimes against property.

Hate Crime in New York State Annual Reports dating back to 2008 are available here: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/pubs.htm.

Hate crime incidents by law enforcement agency and county annually from 2013 through 2017 are available here: http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/stats.htm

Hate Crimes by County and Bias Type annually since 2010 are available through New York's Open Data Portal: https://data.ny.gov

	Crimes Against Persons			Property Crimes					Total						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total	311	257	275	280	235	306	301	228	318	323	617	558	503	598	558
Anti-Gender	4	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	1	0
Anti-Female	4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	0
Anti-Male	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Anti-Heterosexual	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Anti-Religion	66	71	94	83	51	229	216	162	228	235	295	287	256	311	286
Anti-Jewish	47	52	66	49	33	194	183	140	193	206	241	235	206	242	239
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	15	16	25	29	16	7	8	8	12	10	22	24	33	41	26
Anti-Catholic	4	1	1	2	1	16	17	8	13	7	20	18	9	15	8
Anti-Other Christian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	5	0	0	3	4	5
Anti-Religious Practices Generally	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	1
Anti-Multi-Religious Groups	0	1	0	1	0	3	3	1	2	5	3	4	1	3	5
Anti-Other Religion	0	1	0	1	0	5	5	2	0	0	5	6	2	1	0
Anti-Protestant	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	4	0	1	1	0
Anti-Hindu	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	122	80	88	88	112	64	65	49	65	79	186	145	137	153	191
Anti-Black	61	44	43	32	53	47	45	32	43	49	108	89	75	75	102
Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin	8	7	4	24	10	5	12	10	6	7	13	19	14	30	17
Anti-White	24	11	13	16	16	3	3	0	8	3	27	14	13	24	19
Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	8	3	11	10	6	2	1	2	1	5	10	4	13	11	11
Anti-Hispanic	16	11	17	6	12	4	2	2	3	1	20	13	19	9	13
Anti-Multi-Racial Groups	0	2	0	0	0	3	1	3	3	8	3	3	3	3	8
Anti-Arab	3	2	0	0	15	0	1	0	1	6	3	3	0	1	21
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Anti - LGBT	117	105	91	107	71	11	9	15	20	8	128	114	106	127	79
Anti-Gay Male	94	87	72	73	48	6	8	12	13	7	100	95	84	86	55
Anti-Transgender	0	1	1	17	14	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	18	14
Anti-Gay Female	15	8	15	16	6	0	0	1	2	1	15	8	16	18	7
Anti-Gender Identity Expression	3	3	2	1	0	2	0	0	4	0	5	3	2	5	0
Anti-Gay (Male and Female)	5	5	0	0	3	3	1	2	0	0	8	6	2	0	3
Anti-Bisexual	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Anti-Disability	2	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	1
Anti-Physical Disability	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1
Anti-Mental Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Anti-Age	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	2	5	1	0	11	2	5	1
Anti-Age	0	1	0	0	0	0	10	2	5	1	0	11	2	5	1

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 05/14/2018).

Appendix 2: Hate Crime Incidents by County 2013 - 2017

Appendix 2 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by county for 2013 through 2017.

Law enforcement agencies in 57 counties reported at least one hate crime incident during that five-year period.

Five counties reported no incidents in any of these five years and are excluded from the table: Fulton, Schuyler, Seneca Wyoming and Yates.

County	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	County	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Statewide	617	558	503	598	558	Ontario	1	1	0	0	0
Non-NYC	284	232	183	206	207	Orange	13	7	6	6	6
Albany	5	4	3	6	6	Orleans	0	0	1	0	0
Allegany	1	0	0	1	0	Oswego	1	1	1	2	3
Broome	5	1	3	3	1	Otsego	3	3	2	1	0
Cattaraugus	1	0	2	0	1	Putnam	2	0	0	0	3
Cayuga	0	0	1	1	1	Rensselaer	2	0	2	0	2
Chautauqua	3	0	1	0	0	Rockland	7	9	4	8	7
Chemung	0	0	0	2	0	St. Lawrence	3	3	5	1	0
Chenango	0	1	0	2	1	Saratoga	4	0	1	2	1
Clinton	0	1	0	2	8	Schenectady	0	0	2	1	1
Columbia	0	1	0	0	3	Schoharie	1	1	0	2	1
Cortland	3	2	0	0	0	Steuben	1	0	0	0	1
Delaware	0	0	1	0	1	Suffolk	89	91	69	43	39
Dutchess	10	3	5	1	6	Sullivan	4	0	0	0	4
Erie	25	22	11	20	10	Tioga	1	0	1	0	1
Essex	0	3	0	1	0	Tompkins	4	2	1	2	3
Franklin	2	0	2	1	1	Ulster	4	1	1	3	5
Genesee	1	0	0	0	1	Warren	0	0	1	0	1
Greene	0	0	1	0	1	Washington	0	2	0	0	0
Hamilton	0	0	0	0	1	Wayne	0	1	0	1	2
Herkimer	1	1	0	0	1	Westchester	21	17	14	19	27
Jefferson	1	1	0	2	0	New York City	315	308	307	369	323
Lewis	0	0	0	0	1	Bronx	24	28	31	22	32
Livingston	1	1	0	3	2	Kings	123	134	113	139	115
Madison	2	3	2	6	5	New York	100	73	102	127	107
Monroe	9	3	3	6	5	Queens	48	43	45	70	53
Montgomery	0	0	0	1	0	Richmond	20	30	16	11	16
Nassau	46	42	35	52	38	Multiple County*	18	18	13	23	28
Niagara	3	2	1	4	3	MTA	17	10	12	22	28
Oneida	2	0	0	1	2	NYS Park Police	1	8	1	1	0
Onondaga	2	2	1	0	1						

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 05/14/2018).

^{*} The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and NYS Park Police (New York State Park Police) serve multiple counties.

Appendix 3: Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2013 - 2017

Appendix 3 details hate crime incidents reported from 2013 to 2017 by UCR offense type.

Reported hate crimes decreased by 6.7 percent when comparing 2017 to 2016. A five-year high of 617 incidents was reported in 2013.

Crimes against property increased 1.6 percent and crimes against individuals decreased by 16.1 percent, when comparing 2017 to 2016.

The 235 incidents reported against individuals in 2017 was the lowest during the five-year period. The 323 property crimes reported in 2017 was the highest during this same time frame.

Offense Type	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	% Change 16 v 17
Total	617	558	503	598	558	-6.7%
Crimes Against Persons	311	257	275	280	235	-16.1%
Murder or Manslaughter	2	0	0	0	1	N/A
Rape	1	0	0	1	0	N/A
Robbery*	16	14	14	13	7	-46.2%
Aggravated Assault	28	29	41	59	54	-8.5%
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	2	N/A
Other Sex Offense	1	0	0	0	0	N/A
Simple Assault	263	214	219	207	171	-17.4%
Coercion	0	0	1	0	0	N/A
Property Crimes	306	301	228	318	323	1.6%
Arson	5	4	3	7	1	N/A
Burglary	10	13	8	12	9	N/A
Larceny-Theft	8	13	10	11	8	N/A
Criminal Mischief	282	271	207	288	305	5.9%
All Other Offenses	1	0	0	0	0	N/A

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 05/14/2018).

NOTE: Percent change is not calculated when counts are fewer than 10.

Although the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system categorizes robbery as a property crime, for purposes of this report it is categorized as a crime against persons.

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2013 - 2017

Appendix 4 on Page 13 details the number of offenses reported by law enforcement agencies annually from 2013 through 2017. These statistics are detailed for each year by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.³

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Dispositions by Penal Law Offense 2013 - 2017

Appendix 5 on Page 14 details the number of criminal convictions or youthful offender adjudications resulting from hate crime arrests. These dispositions are detailed by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.⁴

³Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 05/14/2018).

⁴Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History system (as of 04/20/2018).

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense for 2013 - 2017

PL	UCR Offense Category	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Total		617	558	503	598	558
Murder &	Manslaughter	2	0	0	0	1
125.25	Murder 2nd	2	0	0	0	1
Sex Offer	nses	2	0	0	1	0
130.35	Rape 1st	1	0	0	1	0
130.65	Sexual Abuse 1st	1	0	0	0	0
Robbery		16	14	14	13	7
160.05	Robbery 3rd	5	12	8	2	0
160.10	Robbery 2nd	10	2	5	8	7
160.15	Robbery 1st	1	0	1	3	0
Assault &	Related Offenses	140	109	135	143	114
120.00	Assault 3rd	103	74	88	71	53
120.05	Assault 2nd	15	26	31	41	37
120.10	Assault 1st	1	1	1	1	0
120.13	Menacing 1st	4	2	2	1	0
120.14	Menacing 2nd	14	3	8	18	17
120.15	Menacing 3rd	2	2	3	2	5
120.10	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	0	1	2	4	1
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	0	0	0	2	1
120.25	Stalking 4th	1	0	0	1	0
120.45	Stalking 3rd	0	0	0	2	0
	lent Offenses	0	0	1	1	2
	Strangulation 2nd	0	0	-	-	_
121.12	5	0	0	0	1	0
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd			0	0	1
135.10	Unlawful Imprisonment 1st	0	0	0	0	1
135.60	Coercion 2nd	0	0	1	0	0
Arson		5	4	3	7	1
150.05	Arson 4th	5	4	1	1	1
150.10	Arson 3rd	0	0	1	0	0
150.15	Arson 2nd	0	0	1	6	0
Larceny -	Theft	8	13	10	11	8
155.25	Petit Larceny	6	9	9	6	4
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	4	1	5	4
Burglary		10	13	8	12	9
140.20	Burglary 3rd	8	4	4	3	5
140.25	Burglary 2nd	2	9	4	9	4
Criminal	Mischief	199	183	161	203	249
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	176	158	141	166	217
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	22	21	12	15	30
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	1	4	7	22	2
145.12	Criminal Mischief 1st	0	0	1	0	0
Offenses	Against Public Order	234	222	171	207	167
240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	83	88	47	85	56
Sub 00	Unspecified	3	0	0	0	0
Sub 01	Damage Religious Premises > \$50	4	3	2	1	0
Sub 01		0	0	1	0	0
Sub 03		72	82	41	80	52
Sub 03		1	0	0	0	0
Sub 04	Display a Noose on Property	3	3	3	4	4
240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	138	115	117	116	105
		1	3	9	6	6
Sub 00	·					
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	76	53	49	35	25
Sub 02	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	6	10	9	0	3
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	53	48	49	75	70
Sub 04		2	1	1	0	1
240.25	Harassment 1st	13	19	7	6	6
Other Off	enses*	1	0	0	0	0

^{*}Penal Law offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" only include: PL 105.00.

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Dispositions by Penal Law Offense for 2013 - 2017*

		Disposition	Grand Total		
PL	UCR Offense Category	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total		126	292	418	100.0%
Murder &	Manslaughter	2	3	5	1.2%
125.25	Murder 2nd	2	3	5	1.2%
125.20	Manslaughter 1st	0	0	0	0.0%
Sex Offer	nses	1	5	6	1.4%
130.35	Rape 1st	0	2	2	0.5%
130.40	Criminal Sexual Act 3rd	0	1	1	0.2%
130.50	Criminal Sexual Act 1st	1	0	1	0.2%
130.95	Sexual Abuse 1st	0	1	1	0.2%
130.96	Predatory Sexual Assault Against a Child	0	1	1	0.2%
Robbery	1 Todatory Coxual / todatit / tgalliot a Office	6	10	16	3.8%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	0	2	2	0.5%
160.10	Robbery 2nd	5	6	11	2.6%
160.15	Robbery 1st	1	2	3	0.7%
	Related Offenses	40	123	163	39.0%
120.00	Assault 3rd	26 2	82 9	108 11	25.8%
120.05	Assault 2nd				2.6%
120.06	Gang Assault 2nd	0	4	4	1.0%
120.07	Gang Assault 1st	0	3	3	0.7%
120.10	Assault 1st	4	5	9	2.2%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	4	15	19	4.5%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	4	2	6	1.4%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	0	3	3	0.7%
	lent Offenses	1	2	3	0.7%
121.11	Criminal Obstruction of Breathing	0	1	1	0.2%
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	0	1	0.2%
135.65	Coercion 1st	0	1	1	0.2%
Arson		0	3	3	0.7%
150.10	Arson 3rd	0	1	1	0.2%
150.15	Arson 2nd	0	2	2	0.5%
Larceny -	Theft	8	20	28	6.7%
155.25	Petit Larceny	0	12	12	2.9%
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	3	5	1.2%
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	5	4	9	2.2%
155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	1	0	1	0.2%
165.15	Theft of Services	0	1	1	0.2%
Burglary		3	18	21	5.0%
140.10	Criminal Trespass 3rd	0	1	1	0.2%
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	0	1	1	0.2%
140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	9	12	2.9%
140.25	Burglary 2nd	0	7	7	1.7%
Criminal		8	39	47	11.2%
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	7	35	42	10.0%
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	1	1	2	0.5%
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	0	1	1	0.2%
145.60	Making Graffiti	0	2	2	0.5%
	Against Public Order	55	25	80	19.1%
240.45	Criminal Nuisance 2nd	0	1	1	0.2%
240.43	Aggravated Harrassment of Employee by Inmate	0	1	1	0.2%
240.52	Falsely Reporting an Incident 3rd		1	1	
	, , ,	0 0	1	1	0.2%
240.55	Falsely Reporting an Incident 2nd				0.2%
240.75	Aggravated Family Offense	0	1	1	0.2%
240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	6	0	6	1.4%
Sub 02	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc. w/ Previous Conviction	1	0	1	0.2%
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	5	0	5	1.2%
240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	46	20	66	15.8%
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	9	9	2.2%
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	1	7	8	1.9%
Sub 02	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	0	3	3	0.7%
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	45	0	45	10.8%
Sub 04	Physical Contact Causing Injury	0	1	1	0.2%
240.25	Harassment 1st	3	0	3	0.7%

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

^{**} Offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" include: PL 100.05, PL 105.05, PL 105.15, PL 115.00, PL 195.00, PL 195.05, PL 205.30, PL 215.50, PL 215.51, PL 215.52, PL 220.03, PL 260.10, PL 265.01, PL 265.02, PL 470.05